COMMERCIAL FISHING VESSEL SAFETY EXAMINATION SUPPLEMENTS U. S. COAST GUARD

SUPPLEMENT 2 SUBPART E			
Vessel Name:	I.D. Number:		
VESSELS >79 FT (REGISTERED) NOT REQUIRED LOAD LINES; EXCEPT VESSELS W/O			
MAJOR CONVERSION OR SUBSTANTIAL ALTERATIONS ON OR AFTER 15 SEPTEMBER 1991			
	Stability Instructions—Qualified Individual		
46 CFR 28.530	☐ Developed by a Qualified Individual	O Yes O No O N/A	
		O TES ONO ON/A	
	Name: Date Issued:		
46 CFR 28.530	Stability Instructions—Criteria Used to Evaluate Stability	O Yes O No O N/A	
46 CFR 28.570	☐ 46 CFR 28—Subpart E ☐ Subch. S (46 CFR 170) ☐ Load Line ☐ NVIC 5-86	-	
46 CFR 28.530	Stability Instructions—Format ☐ Format Understood by Master		
	Check all that apply of the following:		
	☐ Includes "Instructions for Master" ☐ Loading Diagrams/Tables	O Yes O No O N/A	
	□ Various Loaded Conditions □ Graphs		
	Other:		
46 CFR 28.530	Stability Instructions—Current		
	Reflects vessel's current gear and operations		
	☐ Pot ☐ Longline ☐ Trawl ☐ Troll ☐ Dredge ☐ Tendering ☐ Processing	O Yes O No O N/A	
	IF NECESSARY, SEE PAGE 2 FOR EXPANDED STABILITY INSTRUCTIONS CHECKLIST		
	Incline Test		
	Date of last Incline Test:		
46 CFR 28.535	Modifications made to vessel since last update to stability instructions:	O Yes O No O N/A	
	B		
	Pot Weight Information		
46 CFR 28.530	Pot weight used in stability calculations:	O Yes O No O N/A	
	Pot weight used during fishing operations:		
46 CFR 28.530	Fuel Burn Off/Loading Sequences/Tank Management		
	☐ Instructions to Master includes Fuel Burn Off and Loading Sequences	O Yes O No O N/A	
	☐ Master/Chief Engineer follow Fuel Burn Off and Loading Sequences	O TES ONO ON/A	
	☐ Master & Crew aware of tanks required to be kept filled or empty		
46 USC 4502(g)(1-2)	Stability Training of Operator	Voluntary	
	☐ Attended Fishing Vessel Stability Training Course		
	Name: Date Issued:	Voluntary Not codified in CFR	
	Name Date issued	Not coalfied in Crit	
	Training Provider:		
46 CFR 28.555	Freeing Ports ☐ Allow the rapid clearing of water ☐ Compliance with Covers	O Ves O No O N/A	
	To verify adequate size use the Freeing Port Calculator Tool	O Yes O No O N/A	
	Watertight/Weathertight Integrity		
46 CFR 28.560	Deck or Bulkhead Openings exposed to weather fitted with		
	weathertight/watertight closure		
	☐ Water/Process Openings below the Weather Deck with Weathertight closures Coaming Height & Deadlight Covers	O Yes O No O N/A	
	□ Doors and Hatches (24" min) OR □ QAWT Closure		
	☐ Fish hold under constant attention Deck Coaming Height (6" min)		
	☐ Deadlight Covers (windows below the first deck above the lowest wx deck)		

46 CFR 28.530/560	Downflooding Points ☐ Downflooding points used in the stability instructions match the vessel's configuration and layout Beware of fuel/water vents, air vents, dryer vents, etc	O Yes O No O N/A
46 CFR 28.580	Unintentional Flooding Section Vessels built on or after 15 September 1991 ☐ Instructions include Damage Stability Collision Bulkhead ☐ Watertight Closure Device ☐ No door below the bulkhead deck ☐ Penetrations kept to a minimum and as high and inboard as practical and fitted with means to rapidly make it watertight ☐ Buoyancy of superstructure if used then it must be sufficiently strong, weather/watertight, hinged deadlights, fitted with interior access from spaces below. *Depending on how much of the superstructure is used as reserve buoyancy, this could include levels above the first deck above the weatherdeck.	O Yes O No O N/A
EXPANDED STABILITY INSTRUCTIONS CHECKLIST		
46 CFR 28.565	Conditions of Operation & Loading for Water on Deck	O Yes O No
46 CFR 28.570	Conditions of Operation & Loading for Intact Righting Energy	O Yes O No
46 CFR 28.575	Conditions of Operation & Loading for Severe Wind and Roll	O Yes O No
46 CFR 28.540	Free Surface Effect	O Yes O No
46 CFR 28.545	Lifting Gear includes cranes, booms and trawls related to fishing or tendering	O Yes O No O N/A
46 CFR 28.550	Icing Conditions Operating north of 42° between November 15-April 15	O Yes O No O N/A

DEFINITIONS (46 CFR 28):

Major Conversion: Conversion of a vessel that (1) substantially changes the dimensions or carrying capacity of the vessel; (2) changes the type of the vessel; (3) substantially prolongs the life of the vessel; OR (4) otherwise so changes the vessel that it is essentially a new vessel, as determined by the Commandant.

Substantial Alteration: The vessel is physically altered in a manner which <u>adversely affects the vessel's stability</u> (see below) and includes: (1) alterations that result in a change of the vessel's lightweight vertical center of gravity more than 2 inches, a change in the vessel's lightweight displacement of more than 3%, OR an increase of more than 5% in the vessel's projected lateral area, as determined by tests or calculations; (2) alterations which change the vessel's underwater shape; (3) alterations which change a vessel's angle of downflooding; AND (4) alterations which change a vessel's buoyant volume.

Adversely Affects the Vessel's Stability: A Qualified Individual (Naval Arch) must, at a minimum, consider the net effects on stability of any: (1) Reduction of the downflooding angle; (2) Increase in the maximum heeling moment caused by fishing gear or weight lifted over the side due to changes in lifting arrangement or capacity; (3) Reduction in freeing port area; (4) Increase in free surface effects, including increased free surface effects due to water on deck associated with any increase in length or height of bulwarks; (5) Increase in projected wind area; (6) Decrease in the angle of maximum righting are; (7) Decrease in the area under the righting arm curve; and (8) Increase in the surface area on which ice can reasonably be expected to accumulate.

Examples: Weight creep, paint, accumulative small changes